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MONEY ....IN.... FRUIT

The Rogers Nursery Company

Moorestown,
New Jersey

Photograph of Crosby, one-half natural size.

Crosby (the hardy frost-proof peach).—For eleven successive years the Crosby has never failed to fruit; in fact, even in an off year, the Crosby bears so full it has to be thinned.

The introducer says this year: "The Crosby is frost-proof—never has failed to fruit since trees came to bearing age. Was the only variety to fruit in Georgia orchards after the great freeze of last March, and in Connecticut the trees were overloaded when other varieties gave from nothing up to a quarter crop." **What is the use in taking up land with poor peaches?**

The fruit is large, yellow, freestone, with very small pit, and claimed to be "best quality peach in America." Season, September in Connecticut. The tree hardy as an oak, strong grower, and bears extremely young. The limbs are willowy and strong, and capable of bearing weight of the crop. Truly a great peach. We bought our buds direct from the bearing trees of originator. Our stock is free from any kind of disease. Price, first-class, medium, 25 cts.; doz., $2.50; 100, $7. Large, 30 cts.; doz., $3; 100, $8. Second size, 20 cts.; doz., $2; 100, $5.

See page 8 for other varieties of Peaches.

FREIGHT RATES CUT IN TWO!

INDIANAPOLIS AND PITTSBURG, OUR WESTERN DISTRIBUTING POINTS.

On orders received before March 20th to April 1st, **all who desire it** may have their goods shipped in solid through car to either Indianapolis or Pittsburg, and we will ship from there to their own depot, saving 50 to 75 per cent. of freight charges, aside from the great benefit by securing the quick through service and safe arrival. The purchaser then only pays the small charges from there, in addition to the proportion to Pittsburg or Indianapolis, as given below, which amount should be added to amount of order when sent, with full instructions as to his choice of distributing point. For instance, a customer at Shelbyville, Ind., orders 100 fruit trees, he adds 55 cents to the catalogue price of the trees, which pays the freight to Indianapolis, and then only has the charges from there to Shelbyville.

PROPORTION OF CHARGES.

TO INDIANAPOLIS: **On Trees,** 55 cents on first 100 trees, 35 cents on each additional 100 ordered (20 cents per 100 trees extra on extra large sizes). **On Grape Vines and Small Fruits** (excepting strawberries), 15 cents on first 100, 10 cents for each additional 100 plants ordered. **On Strawberry Plants** (for early shipment only) 30 cents for first 500 plants, and 30 cents for each additional thousand.

TO PITTSBURG: 20 per cent. less than above rates.

First car to Indianapolis will leave about March 25th to April 5th; for Pittsburg district, a few days later, all depending upon the weather. All orders intended for through shipment should reach us not later than March 20th to April 1st.

This will Introduce to You Our Agent:

HE comes out in a new suit, and is as neat and honest a little fellow as you will meet. Our patrons tell us he is up to date, and the finest ever sent out by a nurseryman. He has been well received by others, and we hope he may be of benefit to you.

He will tell you of the many good things we have for you, and you can depend upon what he says. As he gets no big commission and does not charge two prices he asks you to make out your own order and tell us plainly what you want.

By his neat and business-like appearance we hope to give you an idea of the quality of the stock we have here for you and the manner in which we do business.

He will now proceed to business and give you his

...TERMS...

CASH WITH ORDER, OR IF NOT WITH ORDER, SHOULD BE SENT BEFORE SHIPMENT. This has always been our rule, and will be found more satisfactory, both to us and our customers. Our prices are made low so you can afford to pay cash.

REMIT by **MONEY** Order on Moorestown, N. J., Registered Letter, Post Office or Express Money Order, made to the order of **The Rogers Nursery Company**. Money sent in other ways will be at the risk of sender. As a safe, prompt and cheap method of sending money, we would especially recommend the Post Office Money Order, where it can be had, and money can be sent in this way at our expense. One to five days will be saved over sending by Registered Letter.

C. O. D. Goods will be sent C. O. D. only when one-fourth of the purchase money is sent with order, and purchaser must in all cases pay charges by Express Company for return of money.

IN ORDERING, please place order on separate sheet from body of letter. Use our Order Blank whenever possible, as this will save us time and trouble, and will greatly facilitate prompt dispatch of order.

NO CHARGE FOR BOXING or delivery to freight station.

OUR STOCK IS TRUE TO NAME and carefully labelled, and every care is taken to keep it so, and should any prove otherwise, we will replace it with other stock or make it satisfactory —claims not to exceed cost of goods. We guarantee satisfaction. **Upon your satisfaction depends our success.**

SHIPPING SEASON begins as early as trees can be safely moved, usually about March 1st. To Southern patrons we can ship at all times during the Winter.

FORMER prices are set aside by those in this catalogue.

PROMPT SHIPMENT of all orders can be depended upon as soon as season opens.

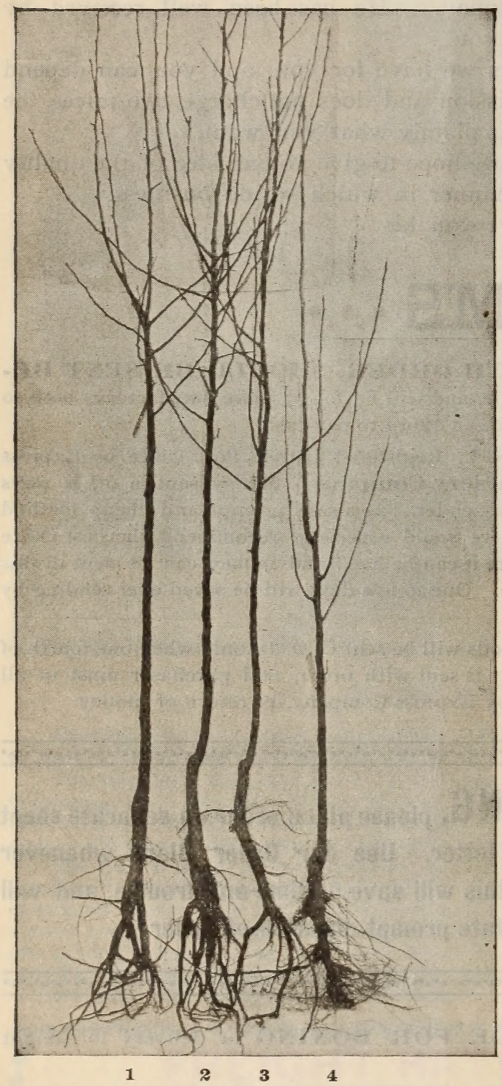
You won't have to wait for your trees.

May Interest Your Wife.

We have a block of about four acres of Choice Hardy Ornamental Flowering Shrubbery, on land we want to clear, and as we know that most of our patrons prefer to spend their money for Fruit Trees and Plants, in preference to something for "looks," we have decided to place these within the reach of all without cost, and, with every order by Express or Freight (they are too large to mail), we will send a few of these choice shrubs. Even small orders of $1 or $2 will not be overlooked, and larger orders will get several. In club orders each person will receive a share, and the person who makes up a club will be well rewarded. Those who wish to buy additional quantity, we will furnish at 25 cts. each; 5 for $1; 12 for $2. We have 50 fine varieties and all can depend upon getting something nice.

FRUIT TREES.

When to order.—Order early and make sure of getting the desired assortment. There is always a heavy demand for the best varieties, and you cannot afford to do without the best. We can pack trees to carry any distance, and they will remain in good condition for weeks. Distance is no objection.



1 2 3 4

Photo of Whole Root Trees, two years old, showing sizes of Standard Pears we offer and First-class Dwarf Duchess.

....*HINTS*....

Should trees arrive in freezing weather, or while frozen, do not unpack, but put in a cool, damp cellar, or cover well and allow to thaw out gradually. When conditions are favorable, unpack, "heel" or trench them, and plant as soon as possible.

In planting, dig holes wider than is necessary to merely accommodate the roots. Throw top soil on one side of the hole and subsoil on the other, and in filling in, place the good soil, well pulverized, next to the roots, first being sure that they are not tangled. Tread soil well around the roots until they are covered, and until hole is nearly full; then leave the soil loose for a few inches on top. Plant tree a very little deeper than it grew, excepting Dwarf Pears, which should be put down deeper. Cut back all limbs close to body of the tree, excepting one to be left as a main shoot or leader.

PEAR TREES.

Our Trees are the Best that Skill and Good Land can Produce. There are none better.

The returns from a pear orchard begin soon after planted, especially from the dwarf pears which bear in one and two years, and the standard in three and four years.

Dwarf Pears bring quick returns and can be planted closely. The profits are worth considering.

We especially recommend our first-class medium grade of trees as shown in photograph. They are but slightly smaller than first-class large, and from the same nursery row, thrifty and well rooted. It might be interesting to know that our first-class medium grade of trees contains the grade mostly sold by agents, and none of them can beat our first-class large. **Why pay agents' prices?**

The leading varieties for profit are:

EARLY: ANGEL and Clapp's Favorite,

MEDIUM OR SUMMER: Bartlett and Flemish Beauty,

FALL: Keiffer, Duchess Dwarf and Clairgeau,

WINTER: Anjou, Lawrence and Josephine.

This selection is carefully made and can be depended upon.

....WHOLE ROOT TREES....

We cannot but compare the **whole root schemes** to the workings and manœuverings of patent medicine men and quack doctors; they try to scare you into buying their goods. Do not be "taken in" and pay higher prices to such.

Our Pear, Peach, Plum and Cherry trees and all Apples excepting a few varieties, are budded on "whole roots," **so what's the use in getting "scared"** and paying extra for what you get right here for the asking? We give our patrons the best, and we don't ask two prices for it. A trial order will prove it. See photograph above.

PRICES OF PEARS except where noted.

	Each.	Dozen.	100.	1,000.
Standard, first-class, medium. Fig. 2,	$0 20	$2 00	$14 00	$125 00
Standard, first-class, large. Fig. 1,	25	2 50	18 00	175 00
Standard, first-class, second size. Fig. 3,	18	1 75	12 50	110 00
Dwarf, first-class, medium. Fig. 4,	15	1 25	7 00	65 00
Dwarf, first-class, large,	20	1 75	9 00	75 00
Dwarf, first-class, second size,	10	1 00	6 00	50 00

Six at dozen, 50 at 100, and 400 at 1,000 rates.

EARLY PEARS.

THERE IS MONEY IN EARLY PEARS.

ANGEL, the Largest Early Pear, see pages 12 and 13.

Clapp's Favorite (standard and dwarf).—Ripens about two weeks ahead of Bartlett and two weeks later than Angel. Fruit large, pale yellow, with a handsome red cheek. Tree a strong grower and commences to bear young.

The Clapp's Favorite has a season of its own and has little competition in market. The large size of the fruit makes ready sale at the best prices.

Succeeds both as standard and dwarf, and bears extremely young.

Wilder Early.—Ripens in New York State first week in August. Size about with Seckel and good quality for an early pear. Does well as a dwarf. Color, yellow, with bright red cheek.

Price, standard and dwarf, first-class, two years, 35 cents; dozen, $3.75. One year, strong, 30 cents; dozen, $3. One year, mail, 20 cents; dozen, $2.

Additional Early Varieties.—Standard medium, Manning's Elizabeth, Summer Doyenne (Doy D'Ete), Lawson or Comet.

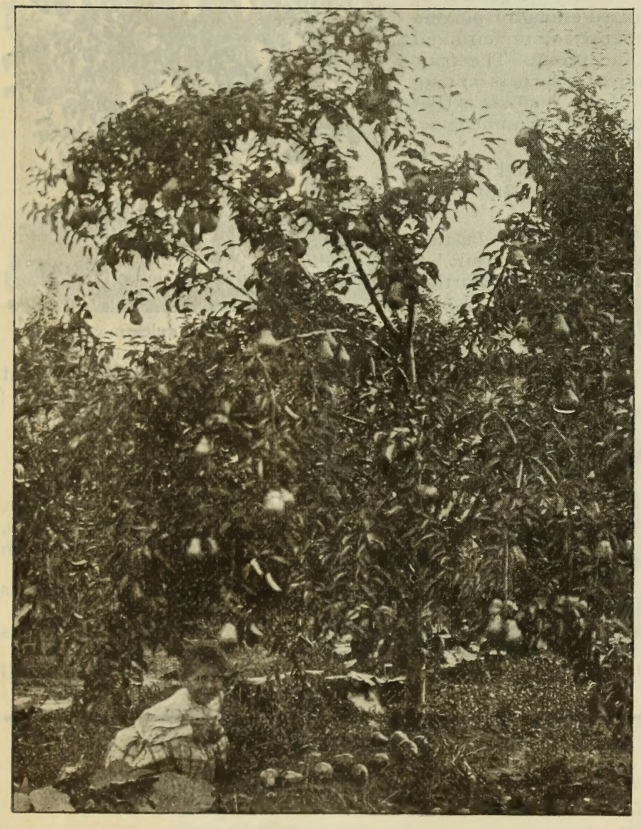


Photo of five-year-old Bartlett, with nearly a bushel of finest pears.

Summer Pears

Bartlett.—(Trees both standard and dwarf.) The leading second early or Summer pear, and one of the most popular, if not *the* most popular pear grown. Tree a perfect grower, bears very young (see photo) and a heavy bearer.

The photograph shows a five-year-old Standard Bartlett pear tree, with fully a bushel of the finest pears, which brought more than enough to pay for all the labor, trees and use of land since planted. This was not an exception, as the whole orchard was full.

We would call particular attention to the manner in which this tree has been trimmed. Headed low and able to stand a heavy crop, and the wind don't blow it about. The fruit is easier gathered and the tree kept in shape.

The little boy in the picture is going to be a fruit-grower, too.

Flemish Beauty.—A great pear, and very largely grown in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Western States; as large as Bartlett and fine quality, of fine appearance and sells well. Tree hardy, strong grower and full cropper.

Leconte.—A great pear in the South and largely grown North, especially as a fertilizer for Keiffer. Large, bell-shaped, bright greenish-yellow, flesh white and juicy.

Seckel.—Everybody plants a few Seckel. The standard of quality by which others are measured. Dwarf Seckel bears very young.

Sheldon.—Large, russet and red, rich and most delicious flavor; ripens late in Summer.

Vermont Beauty (new).—Ripens after Seckel and considerably larger. One of the most beautiful pears on the whole list and of excellent quality, ranking with Seckel.

Price, standard, medium, 35 cents; large, 40 cents; one year, mail, 15 cents.

NO SCALE HERE.—See letter from Prof. Smith—Pages 4 and 9.

Additional Summer Varieties: **Howell,** standard and dwarf; **Buffum,** standard; **L. Bonne,** standard and dwarf; **Buerre Bosc.**

FALL PEARS.

KEIFFER.—"The head of the heap," as a late market pear, growing more and more popular each year, and planted by the thousand.

The trees bear very young, and the crops they bear cannot be realized unless one has seen them.

One of the most important subjects in planting an orchard of Keiffers is to look well to the fact that they need other varieties with them to fruit profitably. Those who now have large blocks of Keiffers should plant other varieties among them at once, or topwork some of the trees already growing.

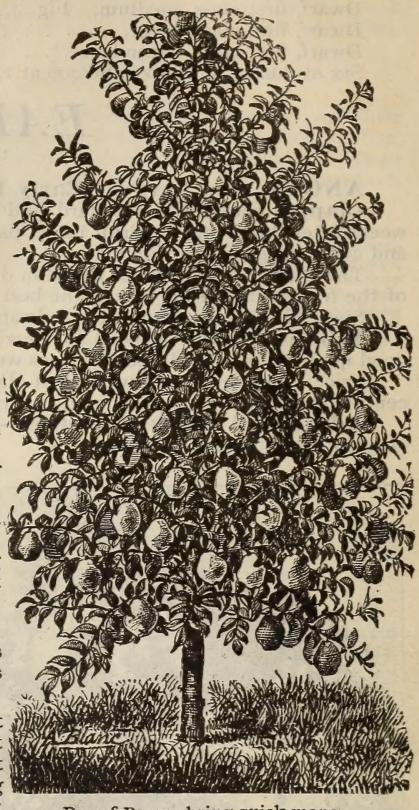
The cheapest method is to plant dwarf Duchess. These dwarf trees can be planted in quantity between the rows of Keiffer and take but little space.

The **Angel Pear grows well on Keiffer.** The tree is a strong grower, and the two get along well together. A few Angel grafts set in trees of the Keiffer will do a great work. See prices of grafts.

Duchess D'Angouleme (standard and dwarf).—Although this excellent variety does well as a standard, it succeeds far better as a dwarf. The fruit is very large, greenish-yellow, flesh very juicy, melting and delicious. A grower of Duchess dwarf near Brighton, N. Y., realized enough from one crop last season to more than pay the expenses on orchard and land since planted, leaving him a handsome profit. The fruit sells well, and, for garden planting, is hard to surpass among late pears. One of the valuable features of the Duchess is that it can be planted with Keiffer, as it blooms at the same time, and is one of the best to fertilize that variety.

Buerre Clairgeau (standard).—Not as well known as it should be. Large, beautiful yellow and red; keeps for weeks after gathering. Season, October to November.

Idaho—"The Late Bartlett."—Resembles Bartlett in growth of tree, size and general appearance of fruit, but ripens four to six weeks later. Just think of having Bartlett pears in November. We have an opportunity now of placing this valuable new variety within the reach of all. 10 cts. per tree higher than other varieties. Standard and dwarf.



Dwarf Pears—bring quick money.

Japan Golden Russet (standard). Valuable to plant with Keiffers as a fertilizer on account of early bearing. Bears in nursery rows at two years. Blooms at one year old. Price, 35 cts. each; large trees, 50 cents each; $35.00 per 100. Same price in assortment of 100 trees.

WINTER PEARS.

BUERRE D'ANJOU (standard and dwarf).—The leading late Fall or early Winter pear. Ellwanger & Barry claim it to be the finest of all Winter pears. The Buerre D'Anjou is large, luscious, melting, russet yellow, with a red cheek; succeeds both standard and dwarf; one of the best pears on the entire list. Try a dwarf for the garden.

LAWRENCE.—An old favorite Winter pear. Excellent quality and well known. Succeeds both standard and dwarf; recommended largely as one of the best pears.

JOSEPHINE.—This is a fine quality Winter pear; highly recommended; not as well known as it should be.

Size, medium to large, pale straw color, flesh rose colored, rich, melting and delicious. Keeps until January and February.

NEW JERSEY AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE EXPERIMENTAL STATION.

ENTOMOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Dec. 17, 1894.

President, Austin Scott.
Director, John B. Smith, Entomologist.

Mr. Isaac C. Rogers, Manager, Moorestown, N. J.

MY DEAR SIR:—I have yours of the 12th and have no hesitation in saying that when I visited your nursery during the Spring and Summer of 1894, I did not see anywhere any trace of the San José scale, and I have no doubt in the world that your Nurseries were entirely free from this pest.

Very truly yours,

[SIGNED.] JOHN B. SMITH.

Japan Plums

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR FINE TREES OF LEADING VARIETIES.

"Altogether the Japanese Plums constitute the most important type of fruit introduced into North America during the last quarter of a century, and they should receive careful tests in all parts of the country."—L. H. Bailey, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.

"Japan Plums are certainly the coming fruit."—*National Nurseryman*, Sept., 1894.

"I have several times before mentioned the Japan Plums favorably and am now more than ever of the opinion that this type of plum will in a few years revolutionize plum culture."—*Rural New Yorker.*

Three Bushels from a three-year-old Abundance Plum Tree. (*Rural New Yorker*).

We have nearly 100,000 trees and of the very best assortment. All are budded on plum roots. Remember the words *plum roots!* not a single tree on *peach roots*. Never plant another plum on *peach roots;* they are not worth the trouble of planting compared with those on plum roots.

Our trees are all propagated from bearing trees and we know them to be pure.

In regard to the claims that the Japan plums are curculio-proof, the *Rural New Yorker* says: "We have grown 25 varieties of plums, many of them said to be curculio-proof, but varieties of Japan plums were the only ones that could hold the fruit to maturity."

PRICES OF JAPAN PLUMS.

ON PLUM ROOTS.

	Each.	Dozen.	100.	1,000.
First-class Medium,	$0 20	$2 00	$13 50	$125 00
" Large,	25	2 50	17 50	160 00
" Second Size,	15	1 75	11 50	100 00
" 3-4 ft.,	15	1 50	9 00	75 00

You need not look for worthless ***Catch-Penny Novelties*** in this Catalogue.

...IT IS ALL BUSINESS...

and entirely different from ***Common Tree Agents*** and other Catalogues recommending everything that comes up, for the sake of the 200% profit there is in such things, regardless of their value or the planters' interests.

Description of Japan Plums.

WILLARD.—The earliest of the large Japan Plums. (See cover page.)

GEORGESON.—The earliest of the yellow varieties. **Ripens close after Willard.** Medium to large, oblong and more or less conical. Color a beautiful clear golden yellow, with yellow flesh. Very good quality and desirable on account of early ripening.

BERCKMANS (Sweet Botan). Medium to large. Ripens just ahead of Abundance. Color deep blood red, flesh very sweet and juicy. Excellent quality. **One of the best,** and should be on every list. Very valuable for a near market. Known in many sections as Abundance.

ABUNDANCE (Three bushels of fruit from three-year-old Abundance Plum, *Rural New Yorker.*)—The best known of the Japan Plums, and has become immensely popular. Size, medium and large, varying nearly spherical to distinctly sharp pointed; color rich yellow, overlaid on the sunny side with dots and splashes of red, or, in some cases, uniformly blush red on exposed side. Flesh yellow, juicy, sweet and delicious. Tree strong, upright grower, and bears so heavy that it should be thinned.

The *Rural New Yorker* never recommends a poor thing. Here is what they say about the Abundance: "That the Abundance proves to be all that is claimed for it, seems now a settled fact. It is to us a blessing and revelation—a blessing that we may now enjoy plums of our own raising, and a revelation in that we have never before been able to raise plums because of the curculio. Our friends should bear in mind that our tree was not planted until the Spring of 1890, and it has borne three crops. Last season the tree was so loaded that three props were used, and the tree anchored so as to resist heavy winds. It was estimated that this young *tree bore nearly three bushels,* and the yield this sesaon will probably be as much."—E. S. Carman.

There are hundreds of other recommendations, which would fill a good-sized book, about both the Abundance and Burbank. The Burbank, though not so well known as the Abundance, is just as good a plum, and as it ripens two weeks later, does not compete with it.

Normand.—Ripens just after Abundance. Fruit good size, conical, with short stem; color clear golden yellow; flesh yellow, firm, meaty, and very high flavor. Pit very small, freestone, so productive that the fruit hangs in clusters. A valuable and desirable variety.

Satsuma (or Blood).—The Abundance, Burbank and Satsuma are the three best known of the Japan Plums. The Satsuma is medium to quite large, broadly conical, with a blunt, short point; suture very deep; color very dark red; flesh blood red, rather coarse and acid, but good quality. Tree a strong grower and very productive. The Satsuma is considered, by some, one of the best of Japan plums. Season varies, medium to very late.

Yellow Japan.—One of the best of the yellow varieties. Ripens after Satsuma. Skin and flesh yellow, fine quality. Tree one of the best growers among the Japans, and a heavy producer.

S. D. Willard, of Geneva, mentions the Yellow Japan as one of the best of the Japans for profit.

Burbank.—The honor of first place among the older varieties of Japan plums has long been undecided whether it should belong to Burbank or Abundance. The Abundance is the better known, but Burbank is claimed to be finer by those who grow them largely for profit. It is, however, not a very serious question, as the season is not the same, and both are needed to complete a valuable list. Ripens four weeks later than Abundance, and strongly resembles that variety in shape, color and growth of tree, but fruit considerably larger, and, if possible, of better quality. In all probability will be the leader; in other words, the "Baldwin," or "Bartlett" among Japan plums. We have about 25,000 trees of this variety alone.

BURBANK PLUM.

Babcock.—Color yellow, overlaid with red. Fruit medium to large, and round. Flesh deep orange-yellow, solid, sweet, good flavor, and fine quality. Ripens about with, and a little later than, Burbank.

Chabot.—Medium to large, oblong; conical, purplish-red color, covered with many fine gold dots. Flesh yellow and juicy, good quality. This plum was introduced by Burbank, the introducer of the Burbank plum. It is especially valuable for drying.

Bailey.—Fruit large, nearly globular, bright cherry red, and showing many minute orange dots. Flesh yellow, melting, excellent quality. Closely related to Burbank, but rounder, and later in ripening. Sure to become a standard sort.

PARAGON (see cover page).—Latest and largest of Japan Plums.

GENERAL LIST OF PLUMS.

The Japan plums are nearly all ripened and marketed before the European varieties (Bradshaw, Lombard, etc.) begin to ripen, so that they do not interfere with, but rather aid in, the demand for other varieties.

Our select list comprises the very best of varieties on the market for profit and general planting. Our trees are fine, thrifty and healthy. If any one should doubt this, send $1 for samples, and we will credit one-half or all the amount on first order, according to size of order. We are not ashamed of our trees.

The leading varieties for profit are: **Lombard, Bradshaw, German Prune, Shippers' Pride, Shropshire Damson, Imperial Gage and Reine Claude.** This is a fine list, and no one can make a mistake in the selection.

Prices of General List of Plums:

	Each.	Doz.	100.	1,000.
First-class medium . .	$0 20	$2 00	$13 50	$125 00
" large . . .	25	2 50	18 00	175 00
" second size	15	1 75	11 50	100 00

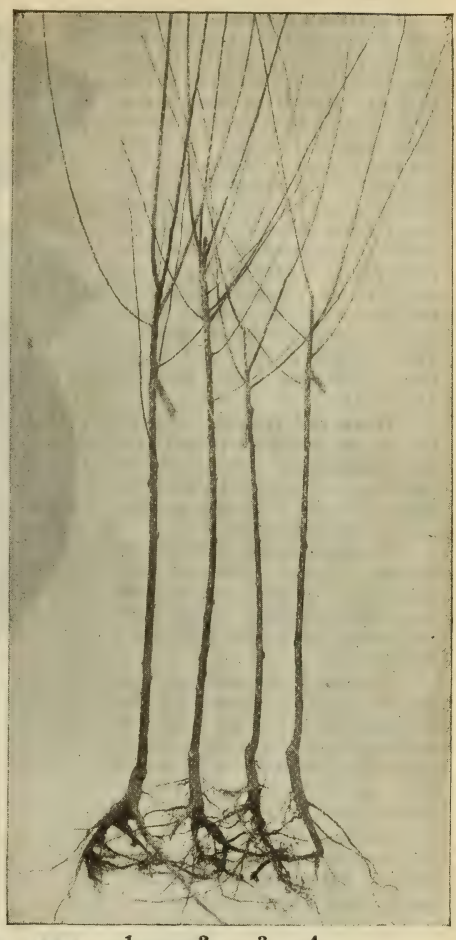
Prices of our selection of varieties, **none but the best, 10 per cent. less.**

See surplus list for prices of smaller grades.

Lombard.—Those who plant plums for the bushels and dollars they bring always put the Lombard near the head of the list. Hardy in all sections; known everywhere and planted by the thousand, like the Baldwin apple. Fruit large, oval, violet-red; flesh yellow, juicy and pleasant; tree very vigorous, a great bearer, and peculiarly well adapted to light soils. Of all older varieties the Lombard has done the best. It has borne immense crops, annually, of beautiful specimens, delicious to eat out of hand, for dessert or preserves.

Bradshaw.—A very large and fine early plum; dark violet-red in color; juicy and good; tree erect and vigorous; very productive. A very valuable variety for market; ranks next to Lombard in popularity. Everybody likes the Bradshaw.

LOMBARD, the Plum for the Million.



1 2 3 4

Photo Showing Three Grades of Plums and First-Class Medium Cherry.

No. 1, first-class, large. No. 2, medium. No. 3, second size. No. 4, first-class medium cherry.

Shippers' Pride. — Truly the "Shippers' Pride." The great plum in Michigan and other States; planted by the thousand; fruit is large, round, purple, and is sought after on account of its certainty to produce a large crop of fruit; also, for its fine appearance and superior shipping qualities.

Shropshire Damson.—One of the most valuable of the standard varieties, and fruit medium size; dark purple, covered with bloom, and of fine quality; much larger and finer than the common Damson.

Imperial Gage. — Fruit large, oval, greenish; flesh juicy, rich and delicious; freestone and very productive; much superior to the green gage, which name the fruit is sold under in market and brings the highest prices.

Reine Claude.—A great favorite for canning; sells at higher prices than some others on this account; roundish, oval, greenish, marked with red; a good shipper.

German Prune.—To say that this variety is productive, does not half express it. I have seen trees that had from seven to nine bushels of fine plums on, and from four to six bushels is an ordinary crop. The trees required props, and strange it is that they all reach such uniformly good size, and nearly every *plum salable;* little or no waste. Remember there are two prunes under the name of German Prune, one much smaller than the other. Ours is the genuine large variety. Fruit large, purple and blue, juicy, rich and fine. Season, September.

General Hand.—One of the largest of yellow plums, and very handsome. Excellent for canning. Fine quality and free from the pit. Strong grower and very productive.

Fellemburg (French or Italian Prune).—One of the finest late prunes, and a great favorite for drying. Large, purple, flesh juicy and delicious; freestone.

Pond Seedling.—A choice English variety of the Yellow Egg type, but a beautiful bright red, changing to violet, making it one of the most attractive in cultivation. A strong grower and very productive.

Yellow Egg.—Ripens end of August. Very large, egg-shaped and handsome. A fine, productive, valuable variety.

True German Prune—bears "Bushels" and "Dollars."

New Plums of Great Merit

Grand Duke.—This new plum is the shape and color of Bradshaw; very large size and ripens much later. Is never affected by rot, and one of the best of all plums for market. We have a fine stock of this valuable new plum. Price, 50 cents each. Smaller sizes, 30 cents.

Prince Englebert.—One of the best plums we have. Very large and long, color a deep purple, rich and excellent quality. Price, 40 cents each. Smaller sizes, 25 cents.

Lincoln.—This valuable new variety originated in York County, Pa., from seed of Green Gage, or Reine Claude, and bore its first crop at the time Lincoln was President, for whom it was named.

The introducers accurately describe it as follows: "In color it is reddish-purple, with delicate bloom, very bright, showy and attractive; flesh light yellow or amber, exceedingly juicy, rich, sweet, melting and luscious, entirely free from any coarseness or toughness; parting freely from the stone; ripens first to middle of August, and its productiveness is beyond description. The skin, though not thick, is so strong as to completely protect the fruit from the attack of the curculio.

"It is of the largest size, average specimens from over-loaded trees measuring 2½ inches long and 6 inches round, weighing two ounces, while selected specimens weigh four ounces. Of the finest quality and wonderfully prolific, the plums hanging like ropes of onions upon the branches. Beautiful in form and color. Very early in ripening, and curculio-proof."

First-class, 75 cents each; 1 year, mail or express, 40 cents.

Spaulding.—When we first heard of this plum we were inclined to think it was only another "humbug," but it does not belong to that class, as we learned the past season, upon finding the delicious quality of the fruit and the fine crop it bore.

The fruit is large, a beautiful yellowish-green with a delicate bloom; skin thin, but strong; flesh yellow and exceedingly sweet. The trees bore a fine crop, and did not seem to be affected with the curculio. Season a little after the Lincoln—last of August.

One year, 25 cents, mail or express. First-class, medium, 35 cents.

One tree, each, above four fine varieties, by express, for $1.50.

Additional choice varieties offered: Coe's Golden Drop, Genii, Smith's Orleans, Moore's Arctic, Prunus Simoni, Saratoga, Niagara, McLaughlin, Archduke, Weaver, Quackenboss and Wild Goose.

Largest Stock of Japan Plums in America. **See prices page 5.**

PEACH TREES.

Plant 16 Feet Apart Each Way.

Small Trees.—It is a mistake to think the largest trees are the best. Medium-sized trees are taken up with plenty of roots—nearly all the roots the tree ever had, and are not seriously checked when transplanted. Of course, we do not recommend a poor, little, unhealthy tree, but a thrifty, medium-sized tree ready for business. Plant peaches sixteen feet apart each way.

Large planters and those at a distance will find that there is a great economy in the medium-sized trees. Of course they do not look so large when first planted, but when bearing time comes the little fellows will have grown fully as large as others, and will be ready for work.

The expense of handling and packing the largest trees is so great, which, of course, must fall on the planter, that we have made a special point to have nearly all of the first-class medium trees, as they give the best satisfaction.

OUR TREES ARE TRUE TO NAME AND FREE FROM DISEASE.

If you want Peaches every Year plant Crosby, Elberta and Champion. The Crosby never Fails.

(SEE FIRST PAGE COVER.)

Elberta.—This peach is now planted in large quantities throughout the entire country. There has never been sufficient trees to supply the demand ; we have always run short, but this year have a fine stock, and can probably supply all orders received early.

The fruit is large, feeestone, skin yellow, with red cheek. Flesh yellow, juicy and fine quality. To give an idea of the popularity, the large growers of peaches, in planting an orchard, plant more Elberta than all other varieties combined. Season medium.

Price of Elberta alone : medium, 15 cents each ; dozen, $1.25 ; 100, $6.00. Second size, 12 cents each ; dozen, $1.00 ; 100, $5.00. In assortment of 100 or more, same price as others.

Champion.—The new hardy early white freestone peach. Originated in Illinois, where it has borne full crops for a number of years in succession, withstanding the severest weather, 40 degrees below zero, without injury.

Fruit large, creamy white and handsome, rich, juicy and sweet.

Medium, 25c.; doz., $2.00 ; 100, $8.00. June buds, 15c.; $4.00 per 100.

GENERAL LIST OF VARIETIES.

Alexander, or Amsden's June.
Mount Rose.
Crawford Early.
Old Mixon.
Chair's Choice.
Ford's Late White.
Reeve's Favorite.
Stump the World.
Crawford's Late.
Ward's Late Free.
Globe.
Hill's Chili.

See **Dwarf Japan Blood Peach**, page 24.

Photo of First-class Medium Peach Trees. Best size for general planting.

PRICES OF PEACHES.

	Each.	Doz.	100.
First-class medium, best size for general planting	$0 10	$1 00	$5 50
Second size, fine, thrifty, well-rooted young trees	10	80	4 00

NEW JERSEY AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE EXPERIMENTAL STATION.

ENTOMOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J. Dec. 17, 1894.

President, Austin Scott.
Director, John B. Smith, Entomologist.

Mr. Isaac C. Rogers, Manager, Moorestown, N. J.

MY DEAR SIR :—I have yours of the 12th and have no hesitation in saying that when I visited your nursery during the spring and summer of 1894 I did not see anywhere any trace of the San José scale, and I have no doubt in the world that your nurseries were entirely free from this pest.

Very truly yours,

[SIGNED]. JOHN B. SMITH.

• • • • CHERRIES • • • •

IF WOOL DON'T PAY, you can raise Cherries on those Hillsides. It is just the place for a Sweet Cherry Orchard.

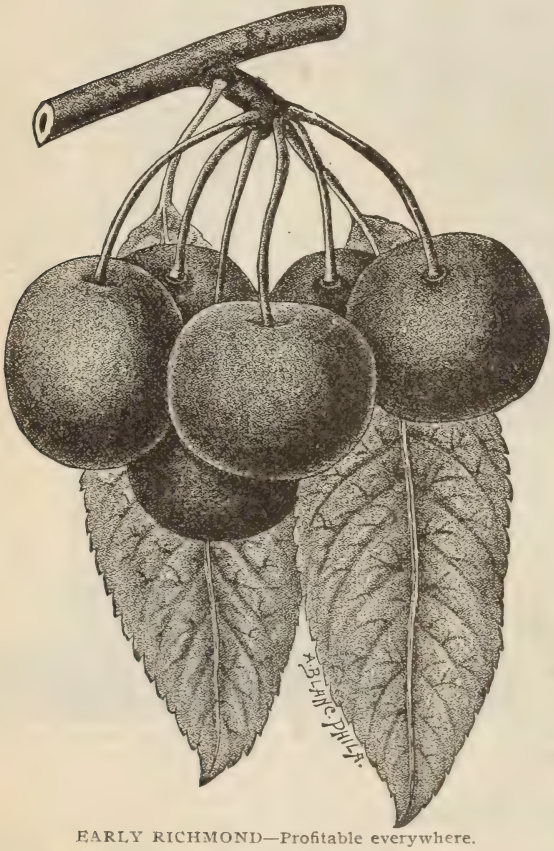
Cherries are the first fruit in market excepting the strawberry, and always command good prices. Farmers and fruit-growers are planting sweet cherries, along their roads, in pastures, on lawns, along fences, etc., and the best sweet cherries seem to come from just such uncultivated spots.

Never plant cherries on low, wet soils. Sweet Cherries succeed best on a dry soil, such as a hillside. Single trees often produce $40 to $60 worth of cherries in a season.

PRICES OF CHERRIES.

	Each.	Dozen.	100.
First-class medium, very fine	$0 20	$2 00	$13 50
" " largest	25	2 50	17 00
Second size, first-class	15	1 50	11 00

Our selection of best sorts 10 per cent. less.
6 at dozen, 50 at 100, and 400 at 1,000 rates.



EARLY RICHMOND—Profitable everywhere.

HEART & BIGARREAU CHERRIES (Sweet).

Windsor.—A seedling originated at Windsor, Canada. Fruit large, liver-colored; flesh *remarkably firm* and of fine quality. Tree hardy and very prolific. *A very valuable late variety* for market and for family use.

Centennial.—A new cherry of great merit, large, light-colored, very fine and one of the best for shipping. Medium, 25 cents; large, 40 cents; one year, mail or express, 25 cents.

ADDITIONAL VARIETIES.

Schmidt's Bigarreau, Governor Wood, Napoleon Bigarreau, Rockport, Downers Late, Black Tartarian, Yellow Spanish.

DUKES OR MORELLOS (Sour).

Early Richmond.—The Early Richmond is among cherries what the Lombard is among plums: **the standard leading sort for profit.** The cherry for the "million," succeeding everywhere, paying everybody and hardy in all locations. $15 to $25 will often be taken from single trees, according to size, and as they bear very young, they soon pay for themselves.

The Early Richmond is largely planted in coldest localities where hardy varieties are necessary.

Dyehouse.—Ten days earlier than Early Richmond, but resembles it in general appearance.

ADDITIONAL VARIETIES.

Olivet, Ostheim, Louis Philippe, English Morello, Early Richmond, Late or June Duke, May Duke.

THEY KNOW A GOOD THING WHEN THEY SEE IT.

"Please accept thanks for the handsome trees sent. The first-class large cherries were the finest trees ever sent to this section. Was surprised to get such fine trees for the money. A neighbor wants 100 Early Richmond in the Spring."

"Please quote special prices on enclosed list of cherries. If you are short on any variety, quote on same number of Early Richmond. My young Early Richmond trees, this year, paid for themselves and my large ones averaged $20 each."

DWARF ROCKY MOUNTAIN CHERRY.

Photograph of Branch of Genuine Dwarf Rocky Mountain Cherries.

We would suggest that each one try this, as it may prove valuable in many sections. We know it to be perfectly hardy and very productive.

Those who have fruited it speak of it as follows: "It is the most productive fruit of which I have any knowledge. I have picked sixteen quarts of fruit off a three-year-old bush. I have picked eighty cherries off a branch twelve inches long of a two-year-old bush. The fruit is jet black when ripe, and in size averages somewhat larger than the English Morello, the season of ripening being after all others are gone. In flavor it is akin to the sweet cherries. It has the best system of roots of any shrub or tree I have ever planted, which accounts for the wonderful productiveness of plants at such an early age. It bears every year and is as prolific as a currant bush. Grows to a height of four feet, and has never been affected by insects, black-knot or other disease. In addition to its immense productiveness of luscious fruits, valuable for pies, sauce or for market purposes, it makes a handsome flowering bush, with its mass of pure white flowers. Some planters, where its good qualities are known, will set them by the 100 and 500."

	Each.	Dozen.	100.
Price, extra strong, two years, by express	$0 35	$3.50	$20 00
One year, mail or express	20	2 00	10 00

ALASKA QUINCE.

For three years we have been trying to get sufficient stock to offer of this valuable new variety, and are now prepared with a fine lot of trees. During this time we have had an opportunity to see the wonderful bearing qualities of this quince. Little trees at one year old produce fruit, and we have seen little trees with as much fruit on as would make the introducers of other varieties "blush," and they would be "proud" to see as much fruit on one of their large trees.

Price: each, 1-year, strong, 30 cents; 2-year, medium, 35 cents; 2- and 3-year, strong, 50 cents. By mail, 25 cents, 5 for $1.

Orange.—The old standard sort, too well known to need description. More largely planted as yet than all others combined. Our stock of trees is fine, clean and thrifty. Fine large trees, 25 cts. each; $2.50 per dozen; $15.00 per 100. Medium size, 20 cts. each; $2.00 per dozen; $12.00 per 100.

Meech.—A writer in the *Rural New Yorker* says the Meech is just the same as Orange. We think, however, it is a better grower, although the fruit may be similar.

Champion.—Bears young, and a valuable variety in some sections. 3-4 feet, 25 cents; medium 20 cents.

THE HARDY TRIFOLIATE ORANGE.

This is the most hardy of the Orange family, and will stand our northern climate with little or no protection, and is also desirable for pot culture. In the parks of both New York and Philadelphia it is growing luxuriantly, and blooming and fruiting profusely.

Price, 2 years, 1 to 2 feet, by mail or express, 20 cents each; $2 per dozen; $10 per 100. 1 year 8-10 inches, by mail or express, 15 cents each, $1.00 per dozen; $7.50 per 100.

DON'T FORGET That Roger's Trees are free from disease (see Prof. Smith's letter, pages 4 and 9), also that **freight cuts no figure** in the West (see second cover page). **For more about these important points, write us**

The Angel.

The Angel Pear originated in Columbia County, New York. The original tree now about sixty years old, stands in a meadow, near a brook. It is strong and healthy, and has never been known to blight Each year it is a sight to see, loaded down with its large handsome fruit.

The pear is named for William Angel, who first brought it to notice. and who, seven years ago sent buds here from which we now have the handsome trees, one of which is shown in the photograph. The tree is a very strong, quick grower, even resembling the Keiffer in this respect, and as we must have the tree before we can get the fruit, this is a very important point. **During this season, when there was so much blight in some orchards, during the very long season of rainy weather, there was not so much as a twig blighted on the Angel.** The crop is borne all through the tree, so that it is able to stand the heavy load, and bears more with less "show" than some varieties do where the fruit is on the ends of the branches and apparently loaded, even with a small amount of fruit.

The season is with the very earliest pears and as it is from two to four times as large as any other pear ripening at the same time, it has no competition in market.

The fruit is very large, handsome golden yellow, with a red cheek, and quality fair for an early pear, and the best quality large very early pear, far superior to the Lawson. It is very solid, and an excellent shipper (see letter from Wilmer Atkinson, *Farm Journal*). Specimens carried 300 or 400 miles in an ordinary box and kept seventeen (17) days. Can be picked early and shipped a long distance to market like Keiffer, and stands up firm and solid; in fact, on account of its large size, can be marketed ahead of other pears, as it can be picked before fully grown, when it will still be of good size, and bring "stiff" prices.

The Angel is the largest early pear, and the earliest large pear. The tree bears young, and you will not have to wait a "lifetime" to get a crop. Bears paying crops five years sooner than the Lawson; planted at the same time, the tree is a better grower and bears better. The fruit is 100 per cent. better quality, twice as large, and looks better in the market.

In other words, **the chief good points of the Angel are:** strong, thrifty growth of tree, **freedom from blight,** regular, heavy bearer, large size and handsome fruit, firmness, good shipper, **and the longest keeper among early pears**—the most profitable early pear.

The photograph of the Angel Pear appeared in the *Rural New Yorker* for September 8th, and was heartily endorsed by the editor, E. S. Carman, as a valuable, remarkable early pear.

"The pears were received in perfect condition. Stems long (one and one-half inch), and set obliquely. The color is a bright yellow, with a showy crimson spreading over about one-third. It is about the size of Clapp's Favorite, but a far more showy pear. Its earliness, size and exceeding beauty will no doubt insure it a ready sale."—*Rural New Yorker.*

The Rural New Yorker never recommends a poor article.

From Wilmer Atkinson, *Farm Journal.*

"The box of pears came duly to hand. I should certainly think, coming so early and being so solid, it might be a profitable variety to grow, **doubtless better than the Lawson."**

Later.—"I am beginning to think more of that pear; they are pretty good. I had the box here in my office, and have been going to it; but when I went to get one this morning, they were all gone—some one in the office had been there too."—*Wilmer Atkinson.*

Enmor Roberts, the most successful fruit grower in this State, who has fruited the Angel and first brought it here, says: Best and largest very early pear. Tree a handsome, thrifty grower; bears full every year; never blights. Larger than Lawson, better quality, better grower, better bearer, **BETTER PEAR.**

Ellwanger & Barry say: "Certainly a handsome early pear."

8-lb. grape baskets of Angel pears sold freely for 50 cents in market this season.

Price, 1 year, mail or express, $1.00. Top-worked in Dormant Bud (3 buds) on Keiffer, $1.25. On 2-year strong growing variety, $1.50. Price of grafts 3 inches, 25 cents each; Dozen, $2.50.

The Angel is a rapid grower. Photograph showing seven years growth of Angel Pear Tree

There is no other **Early Pear**
just as good as the **Angel.**

APPLE TREES.

We wish that everyone who contemplates planting an apple orchard this season could see our trees. They are nearly all budded on full root stocks and are certainly handsome; you can't find any better trees anywhere. If you are going to plant a large orchard send $1 for samples; they are worth looking at.

PRICE OF APPLES EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE NOTED.

	Each.	Doz.	100.
First-class, medium	$0 12	$1 20	$7 50
First-class, large	15	1 50	10 00
Second size, fine trees	10	1 00	6 00

Our selection of best sorts 10 per cent. less.

Photograph of Williams' Early Red.

SUMMER APPLES.

Yellow Transparent.—The earliest Apple known, and good bearer annually; fruit, medium, roundish, obovate, slightly conical; skin pale yellow when fully mature; flesh white, tender, juicy, subacid; quality, good to very good.

Williams' Early Red.—One of the most valuable apples ever introduced. We know of no early variety to equal it. Our photograph shows a very fair specimen of this variety as to size. The color is a beautiful bright, glossy red, fine quality and brings 90 cents and $1.25 per ½-bushel basket in market. Price, Topworked Dormant Bud, 25c.

Red Astrachan.—Large, roundish; nearly covered with deep crimson; very handsome, juicy, good, though rather acid. The tree is very hardy, free grower.

Early Harvest.—Medium size, roundish, pale yellow; mild, fine flavor. Very productive.

Additional Sorts: **Sweet Bough, Tetofsky, Duchess of Oldenburg, Early Strawberry, Porter, M. Blush** and others.

AUTUMN APPLES.

Fall Pippin (Holland Pippin).—Very large, roundish, yellow; tender, delicious; tree a free grower, spreading and fine bearer; one of the most valuable varieties for the table or market.

Red Beitigheimer.—Fruit large, roundish; skin pale cream color; flesh white, firm, subacid, pleasant flavor; tree a large free and abundant bearer; a handsome apple, worthy of cultivation by all fruit-growers. Early fall.

Gravenstein.—Very large, striped, roundish fruit of fine quality; tree vigorous and erect in growth; very productive. One of the finest Apples known to growers.

Additional sorts: **King, Sops of Wine, Fameuse.**

WINTER APPLES.

Baldwin.—Large, red, juicy, rich; vigorous, upright grower; one of the finest winter Apples.

Ben Davis.—Large, handsome, striped; good quality; tree very hardy, vigorous and productive; a late keeper.

Fallawater.—A very large handsome Apple; quality good; vigorous; bears young and abundantly; a great favorite.

Grimes' Golden.—Medium size; skin yellow, with gray dots; flesh crisp, tender, juicy; very good; tree hardy, vigorous.

Northern Spy.—Large, striped; flesh juicy, rich; rapid, erect grower and great bearer; one of the finest late-keeping Apples.

Whinnery Late Red.—Medium size, handsome deep red, resembling Ben Davis, but much better quality and a better keeper, as it will keep without trouble until apples come again. Thrifty trees, 25 cts. each, $2.50 per doz., $15 per 100.

Wealthy.—Fruit medium, roundish; skin smooth, mostly covered with dark red; flesh white, juicy, very good; tree hardy, free grower and productive.

Rhode Island Greening.—Everywhere well known and popular; tree vigorous, a great bearer; fruit rather acid, making it an excellent variety for cooking.

Additional varieties: **Rome Beauty, Winesap, Lawver, Salome, Roxbury Russet, Wallbridge, York Imperial, Smith Cider, Alexander, Golden Russet, Seek-No-Further** and **Mann-Rambo, Jacob Sweet.**

Garden Gem Apple.—The Garden Gem Apple is the best garden apple ever offered, and it is equally valuable for market. Bears very young, trees five feet high, producing fine specimens of fruit. Tree perfectly hardy and bears full every year. Very compact grower, and its dwarf habit makes it especially adapted to the garden or close planting.

Large, luscious, handsome, yellow, red-cheeked, excellent quality, rich and mellow, splendid for cooking. Bearing size, three years old, 75 cents; one year, mail or express, 50 cents.

Garden Gem Apple in Bearing.

TWO GOOD WINTER APPLES.

Plums Cider.—This is a beautiful apple; ripening here about the 15th to 25th of September, at a time when red apples are scarce; but further North it ripens later, and is an excellent late keeper. The fruit is large and handsome, about the shape of the Williams' Early Red, except that the stem is shorter and calyx not so deep; color a very attractive yellow, almost covered with red, handsomely striped and splashed. The flesh is fine grained and good quality. Although it begins to ripen here in early Fall, it is taken to Philadelphia and used in the shipping trade, as it will keep for weeks and carries well.

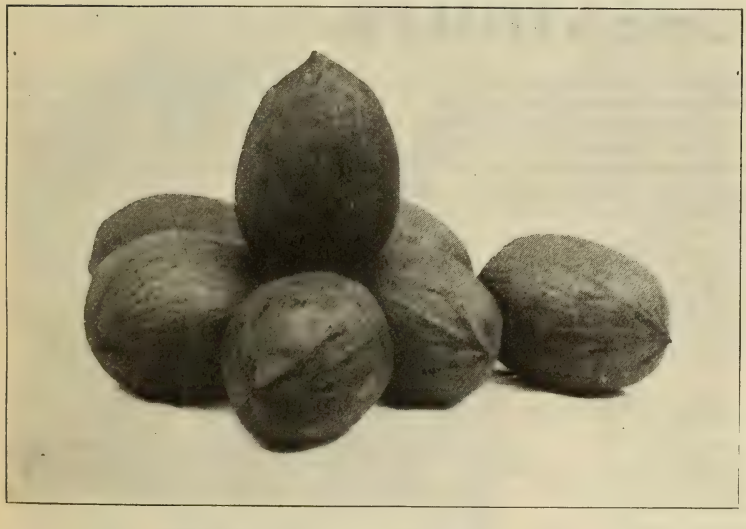
The fruit-grower likes it, as it bears full every year; **the commission men like it,** as it sells well, keeps well and ships well; **the consumer likes it,** as it looks well, eats well and cooks well; and if these are all satisfied, what more can we ask? We consider it preferable to the Smith Cider being larger and finer.

	Each.	Dozen.	100.
First-class medium	$0 20	$2 00	$10 00

Paragon (Mammoth Black Twig).—The samples of this beautiful fruit at the World's Fair started a great demand for the trees; much larger and brighter color than the Winesap, of which it is a seedling; color attractive dark red and slightly streaked; flesh rich yellow, firm, crisp, juicy, aromatic and pleasant. The beautiful color, large size, good shipping qualities, together with its being a long keeper, make it one of the most valuable of late apples.

	Each.	Dozen.	100.
First-class medium	$0 25	$2 50	$15 00
One year	15	2 00	10 00

Nuts and Nut Trees.



Photograph of Giant Paper-Shell Pecan. ⅔ size.

GIANT PAPER-SHELL PECAN.

Pecans are all the go.

The superiority of our Giant paper shell over the ordinary Pecan is well shown by the photograph which, although it does not give the full size of the paper shell, shows very plainly the superior size over the one usually sold as paper shell pecan. This, however, is not the only point of superiority, as the quality is much finer and sweeter, having none of the "strong" flavor so noticeable in the smaller ones.

Fig. 2 shows the kernel of the paper shell, which is of itself larger than the whole pecan of the common sort.

There is nothing in the line of nuts and nut trees in which a greater interest has been manifested the past few years than these paper shell pecans. It is becoming a great favorite everywhere, and far surpasses the Japan Walnut; in fact will supersede the English Walnut, being nearly as large.

1 Size of Ordinary Pecan. 2 Kernel of Paper Shell Pecan. Size of Ordinary Pecan.

The following is quoted from *The Southern Florist and Gardener*:

"The pecan can be grown with profit in every State in the Union, on any good soil capable of growing any trees, as the deep growing tap root feeds upon soils untouched by other trees.

"In the matter of purchasing pecan trees where the tap root was cut, a great mistake has been made. The cutting of the root has destroyed its bearing qualities. It will make a good shade tree, but as a nut bearer it will disappoint its owners.

"No American tree has so few insect enemies as the pecan. Here we have none worthy of notice. The sap and leaf have an acrid taste, which repels such insects as infest most trees.

"Planting 35 x 35 feet apart is a good distance for permanent growth, but very much can be added in profit per acre for ten or twelve years by planting another pecan tree in centre of each square, which will give you sixty-one trees per acre. Until the trees are large enough for the limbs to touch each tree adjoining, you are receiving the earnings of twenty-five trees in addition. When necessary, the centre trees can be cut out, and you have then thirty-six trees left per acre, which, by this time, should yield as great earnings as the whole sixty-one will in the earlier years of growth.

"From the growing interest in pecan culture in all sections of the country, it is evident that the people appreciate the value of these trees as money producers; the small cost of starting a grove, their long life, surety of bearing, requiring but little care or expense, being so largely in their favor over other nut or fruit trees. A grove of only ten acres, planted in the best thin shell, will earn more than fifty acres in ordinary crops."

Our stock of trees is grown from the finest selected nuts, and carefully dug, looking to keeping full length of tap root, the tops, while eight to twelve inches high have a root two to three feet below the surface. Our prices are, of course, higher than those quoted by many other nurseries, but we can also furnish the common pecan sold by others at one-half these prices, but they are not worth planting compared with these. Price, 35 cents each; 4 for $1.00; dozen, $2.50; 25 for $4.00.

CHESTNUTS.

Japan Early Reliance (grafted trees only).—Very early; ripens about September 15th to 20th. Tree of low, dwarf, spreading habit and bears at one year old in the nursery row. Nuts are immense size, measuring four inches in circumference and three to five to a burr. Very productive, Very best of all the Japan chestnuts. Nuts bright, smooth, very attractive, and bring $9.00 to $15.00 per bushel.

Grafted, 1 year heads, 3-5 feet, by express, $2.00; larger trees, 4-5 feet, fine heads, $2.50 each.

Numbo.—Of American origin; very hardy; productive; nuts large and good. Grafted, 2-3 feet, 50 cents; 3-4 feet, 60 cents; large, 75 cents each.

Paragon.—Very large nuts; fine quality and exceedingly productive. Being planted largely. Speak early for trees of this variety; the demand always exceeds the supply. One-year heads on 3-year trees, 2–4 feet, 75 cents; 4-5, fine, $1.00.

Pedigree Japan or Giant Chestnut.—Being planted by the hundred, same as apples, they bear young, and, although not grafted, come into bearing very young. Nuts very large, and sell at highest prices. One year, 25 cents; dozen, $2.50; 100, $15.00. Nuts during February, 70 cents, each.

	Each.	Dozen.	100.
Spanish Chestnut, 2 years, 2–3 feet	20c.	$2 00	$15 00
" " 3 " 3–4 "	25c.	2 50	18 00
American Sweet, 2 " 2–3 "	25c.	2 50	15 00
American Black Walnuts, 3 years, 3–4 feet	25c.	2 50	12 50
Japan Walnut, 1 year	25c.	2 50	15 00
" " 3 years, 3–5 feet	35c.	3 00	25 00
English Walnut, 2 years, 1–2 feet,	20c.	2 00	10 00
" " 4 " 4–5 "	75c.	—	—
English Filbert, 2 " 2–3 "	15c.	1 25	8 00
" " 3 " 4–5 "	25c.	2 00	10 00
Pecans, common, 3 " 3–4 "	40c.	4 00	—

STRAWBERRIES.

A great deal is said by some nurserymen about "poor New Jersey plants." Some say their plants are worth ten times as much as those grown in New Jersey. Experience tells us that this is only copying after the "whole root scheme," for as the "whole root" men buy piece-root apples by the carload, so these "big plant" strawberry men buy their "best plants" from New Jersey, because they can buy them cheaper than they can raise them, and by the powerful aid of "printer's ink" these poor, (?) weak (?) New Jersey plants are quickly transformed into the strong Ohio, Pennsylvania and New York grown stock.

It has not been so much the quality of the plants from this State that has caused dissatisfaction in some cases, as the careless, "farmer-like" fashion in which the plants have been handled and shipped.

We have no "poor sand-bank" plants to offer, and respectfully solicit the orders of those who desire strong stock at fair prices.

This is a photograph of 20 of these poor (?) weak (?) New Jersey plants you hear about, dug August 15th. If you want to see how much better they are now, send in your order.

NEW VARIETIES:

Hayes Prolific, or Frost Proof. We first brought this valuable new variety to notice in the Spring of '94, with the sincere desire that it should prove a valuable and standard variety in many sections of the country, where a really valuable, hardy, frost-proof sure cropper is appreciated.

The blossoms of the Frost Proof, which are pistillate, seem to possess a peculiar hardiness, unknown to other varieties, as has been tested and shown by its bearing a full crop, notwithstanding the fact that a late frost had ruined other sorts, even Bubach and Crescent, which are noted for their reliability of bearing.

The Frost Proof originated in Chester County, Pa., on the farm of J. Borton Hayes, and has been tested here and there for a number of years. The fruit is large, of good shape, bright red, fine flavor, very firm and an excellent shipper. A great favorite for canning. Does not run small toward end of season as other sorts do.

Plant is a strong grower, and the foliage, which is large and healthy, free from rust, grows well above the blossoms, which serves as an additional protection from frost.

Doz., $1; 100, $5.

Brandywine.—Of the many varieties of recent introduction none have been brought forward under more favorable circumstances. For nearly a year before the Brandywine was offered for sale, almost everybody had heard of its merits, and little further is required to be said. We have not seen it in fruiting, but it comes highly recommended by prominent and reliable growers, and the money used in purchase of plants will be well invested.

Price, dozen, $1.00; 100, $6.00.

"Proof of the Pudding, etc."

Plants Don't Grow on Paper.

FROM A WEST VIRGINIA CUSTOMER.

"I am well pleased with the plants you sent me. They are growing fine. It cost me more express than others bought nearer home, but the price not only more than made up for this, but yours were *fresh dug* and grew better. I wish I had known of you sooner."

NEW LADY FINGER.

New Lady-Finger (Belle).—Here is what we have been looking for—a berry having many of the characteristics of the old-fashioned and favorite Lady-Finger, constituting fine quality, firmness, size and productiveness and *length* of fruit; in fact, resembling that variety more closely than any other. "It is the longest of all berries." At this writing, it is more than a month since the first strawberries ripened, but to-day's pickings of the Lady-Finger are the largest of the season, showing its tendency to hold its size to the end of picking.

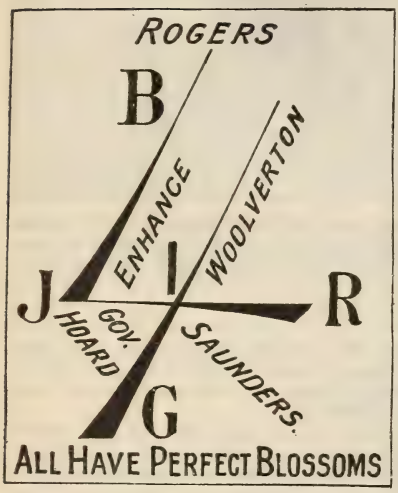
We have fruited this variety three years, and the more we see of it the better we like it. We hope everyone will give it a thorough trial. The growth of plant and strong healthy foliage will please everyone, and the handsome long berries with which they are loaded will please even better. Blossoms perfect. Dozen, 75 cents; 100, $1.50; 1,000, $10.00.

ADDITIONAL NEW VARIETIES.

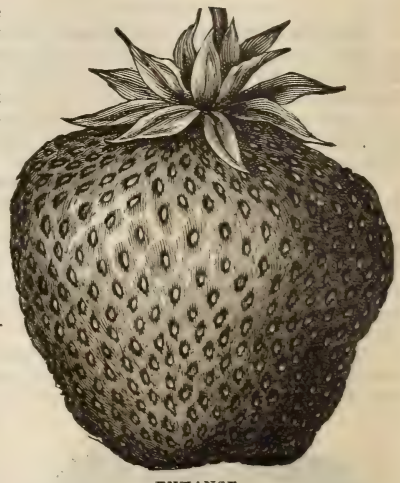
	Dozen.	100.	1,000.
Timbrell (P)	$0 75	$3 00	$25 00
Mary (P)	75	4 00	30 00
H. Ward Beecher	75	4 00	30 00
Nellie Rich	1 00	5 00	40 00
Orange County	75	3 00	20 00
Erie	60	2 50	20 00

ROGERS' BIG 4 "JR."

ENHANCE, WOOLVERTON, GOV. HOARD, SAUNDERS.



This is one of the most popular strawberry collections ever offered. Thousands of these varieties were planted last year, and now, even before this catalogue is published, we are receiving orders for Spring shipment. Those who have tested them are buying more to increase their plantations.



ENHANCE.

The Enhance has great merits as a market berry, and in all parts of the country has gained a reputation simply on its own merits. It is truly a valuable berry, and has come to stay. Fruit averages large and of fine appearance, being set off by the large green calyx. Fruit very firm, a good shipper, and has no superior for canning. Plant a strong grower and one of the most productive berries we have. Ripens medium to late.

Doz., 30c. by mail; 100, 60c.; 1,000, $3.

Woolverton.—Everybody likes the Woolverton. Fruit is large, fine color, bright glossy red, better quality and firmer than Bubach, and a little later in ripening. Blossom is perfect and remains in bloom a long time, which is a very valuable characteristic, because it will prevent any great loss by late frost, and also makes it a valuable variety to plant with pistillate varieties.

Doz., 35c.; 100, 75c.; 1,000, $3.50.

Gov. Hoard.—This is of such excellent quality, it is especially esteemed for table use. Color is a deep brilliant red and ripens evenly all over. Averages good size, roundish, conical, firm and rich, agreeable flavor.

Doz., 30c.; 100, 75c.; 1,000, $3.

Saunders.—This variety and the Woolverton have many of the same valuable characteristics. Both are excellent and valuable and well worthy of extended cultivation. In some sections the favor is with Woolverton, while in others it is with Saunders. The Saunders is very large, conical, slightly flattened, dark glossy red, flesh same color, and rich, excellent quality. Plant is a strong grower and very productive.

Doz., 35c.; 100, 75c.; 1,000, $3.

SPECIAL OFFERS.

6 each Big 4 "Jr.," by mail	$0 50	25 each Big 4 "Jr.," by express	$1 00
12 each Big 4 "Jr.," by mail	90	50 each Big 4 "Jr.," by express	1 50
25 each Big 4 "Jr.," by mail	1 50	100 each Big 4 "Jr.," by express	2 25

THE ORIGINAL BIG 4.

Bubach, Haverland, Warfield, Michel's Early.

These four varieties were first offered in a collection by us three years ago as the Big 4. It was, indeed, a Big 4 for profit, and has been a very popular collection to those who plant for the dollars there are in it. They are still leading varieties, and largely planted.

Bubach (P).—This is one of the leaders and more largely planted than Sharpless ever was in its prime. The fruit is large and fine, moderately firm, and though not preferred for distant shipping, is just right for ordinary marketing. Plant is a strong, robust grower, and makes a good bed the proper size and thickness for best results in fruiting, but does not make a large number of plants. A very popular and profitable variety.

Dozen, 25 cents; 100, 50 cents; 1,000, $3.00.

Haverland (P).—The Haverland ripens earlier than Bubach, and ranks close with it as a profitable market berry. Fruit is good size, very long, conical, even in form, bright color, and fine quality. A strong grower and very productive.

Dozen, 25 cents; 100, 50 cents; 1,000, $2.75

Warfield (P).—This is a great berry for shipping; a universal favorite and largely planted. Fruit is medium size, very firm, regular in form, slightly necked, dark glossy red, and holds color well. Dozen, 25 cents; 100, 45 cents; 1,000, $2.50.

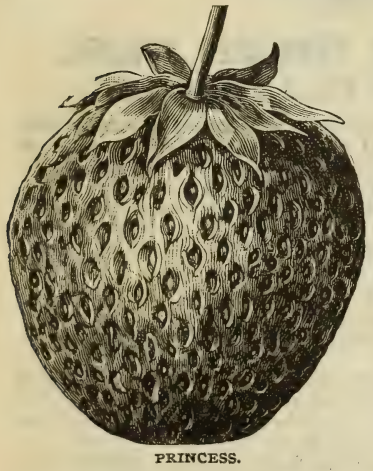
BUBACH.

Michel's Early.—This has perfect blossoms and is the fertilizer of the Big 4. Still planted and recommended as a leading early berry. Fruit is not large, but its extreme earliness commands for it good paying prices. It will be largely planted for years to come.

Dozen, 25 cents; 100, 45 cents; 1,000, $2.50.

SPECIAL OFFER. 12 each by mail, 75 cents; 25 each for $1.25. 50 each, by express, for $1.25. 100 each, for $2.00.

GENERAL LIST CHOICE VARIETIES.


PRINCESS.

Gandy.—The leading late variety and a very profitable sort. Does not produce as many quarts as some, but when it comes to figuring up the profits, it produces more *dollars* to the acre than many that produce more quarts. The number of quarts is less, the cost of picking is less, but the prices realized are often double.

Dozen, 30 cents; 100, 60 cents; 1,000, $2 75.

Dayton.—The largest of all the early berries, and a very superior variety. The quality is excellent and the berry large and showy. We were well pleased with the way it produced for us the past season, being very productive and profitable.

Dozen, 40 cents; 100, 75 cents; 1,000, $4.

Princess (P.).—This belongs to the same family of strong, robust growers as Bubach and Timbrell, resembling them in habit of growth, but has more good points as a market berry than Timbrell, and is becoming very popular.

Dozen, 40 cents; 100. 75 cents; 1,000, $3.50.

Lovett.—This variety seems to succeed everywhere, and is a very popular, profitable and satisfactory variety to grow. It belongs to a class of productive, hardy varieties, and is a strong, vigorous grower. Ripens midseason; firm, productive and good size. Blossoms perfect and a valuable variety for fruiting pistillate sorts.

Dozen, 25 cents; 100, 50 cents; 1,000, $2.50.

Beverly.—This variety is a seedling of Miners and is an improvement over that variety. Resembles its parent in growth of plant and shape of fruit, but of superior flavor and better color.

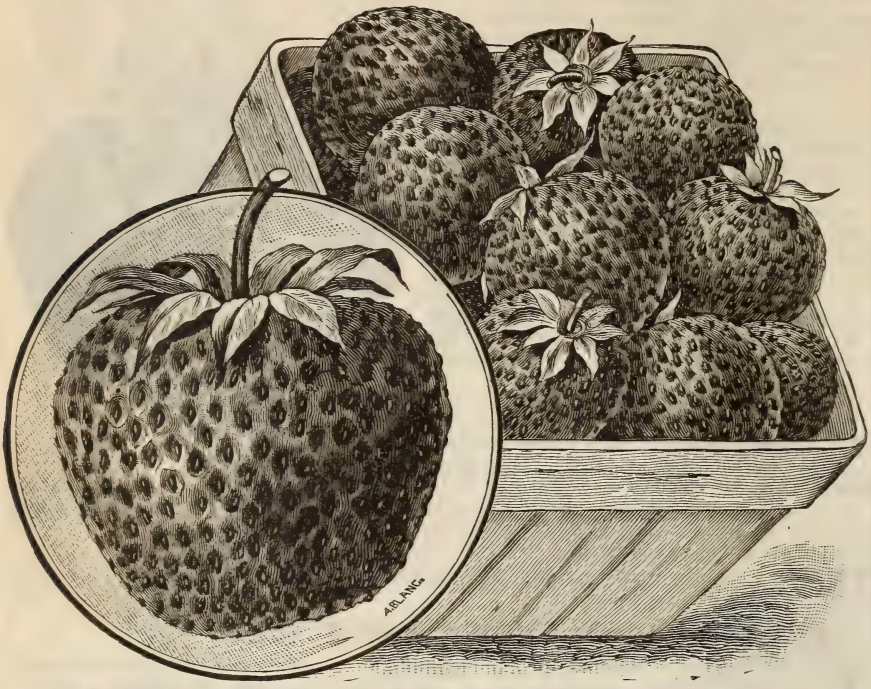
Dozen, 25 cents; 100, 50 cents; 1,000, $2.50.

ADDITIONAL VARIETIES.

	Dozen by mail.	100 by ex.	1,000 by ex.		Dozen by mail.	100 by ex.	1,000 by ex.
Miners	$0 25	$0 50	$2 50	Leader	$0 70	$0 75	$3 00
Chas. Downing	25	50	2 50	Eureka (P) True	25	50	2 50
Kentucky	25	50	2 35	Manchester (P)	30	60	2 75
Cumberland	25	60	2 75	Parker Earle	35	1 00	5 00
Victor Hugo	25	60	2 50	Sharpless	25	50	3 00
Van Dieman	25	50	2 25	Schuster Gem (P)	25	50	2 50
Swindle	25	40	2 00				

When our customers read in other catalogues about the great superiorty (?) of Ohio and New York grown plants over those we offer, it makes them have "*that tired feeling.*" Our plants speak for themselves. There are none better.

Our "Fill-Basket" Collection of New Strawberries.



HAVE YOUR PLANTS SENT BY EXPRESS.

Under the new ruling of the leading Express Companies, plants packed in closed boxes or baskets will now be carried at a reduced rate all over the country. This reduction will make the charges at least **twenty per cent.** less than heretofore.

GREENVILLE, MEEK'S EARLY, BEDERWOOD AND TENNESSEE PROLIFIC.

THE BERRIES FILL THE BASKET. THE MONEY FILLS THE POCKET.

Chief good points of this collection are: **uniform great productiveness, good average size of fruit, strong, thrifty growth of plants** (free from rust), **good quality and attractive color.**

Greenville.—The Greenville is one of those new varieties that quickly works its way to the head, and has done so simply on its own merits. It has been tested in every State in the Union, and the testimonials received about it are sufficient to fill a small catalogue themselves. We have planted largely of this variety and our prices place it within the reach of all who wish to plant largely for market. The plant is more vigorous than the Bubach, perfectly healthy and shows no sign of rust. In many places it is claimed to be an improvement on the old reliable Bubach, which it resembles in fruit.

At the meeting of the American Association of Nurserymen at Niagara Falls, it was universally conceded to be the best all-round berry on the market. Fruit large, bright crimson and good quality. A fruit-grower who has no Greenville is behind the times. Price, dozen, 35 cents; 100, 90 cents; 1,000, $3.50.

Bederwood.—This is a splendid fertilizer for the Greenville, has been making a very good record for itself the past two seasons, and, although the fruit does not run as large as Greenville, it is a good average size and so productive as to be very profitable. Truly a "Fill-basket" variety. (See note if you already have this variety.) Dozen, 30 cents; 100, 75 cents; 1,000, $2.75.

Tennessee Prolific.—This new variety has been steadily gaining favor since its introduction. It has made friends wherever tested, and is on a straight road to become one of the leading varieties. The plant is a strong grower, entirely free from rust, blossoms perfect, fruit very large, averaging large, bright crimson, firm and fine flavor. It fruited here this year sufficiently to show us what it was, and we feel free to recommend it.

The Strawberry Culturist says: "The Tennessee Prolific is one of the best medium early varieties that we have seen. A patch of ten acres of it was a grand sight; the fruit was large and enough of it, the quality good and vines vigorous and healthy, without a spot of rust on the whole field."

Dozen, 40 cents; 100, $1.00; 1,000, $4.00.

Meek's Early.—This berry was first highly recommended to us by the Maryland Experimental Station. We procured a stock of it, and from what we can learn it is firmer and more productive and earlier than Michel's Early.

The Strawberry Culturist, Salisbury, Md., says: "Meek's Early is extremely early, fine, good, rich of flavor, satisfactory grower, berries medium size." Dozen, 30 cents; 100, 75 cents; 1,000, $2.50.

Special offer, 12 each by mail, 90 cents; 25 each by mail, $1.50: 50 each by express, $1.75; 100 each by express, $2.50.

NOTE.—**The Bederwood** is one of the best to fertilize Greenville, but should anyone already have the Beder Wood he may select an equal number of Meek's Early, Van Dieman, Lovett's Early, Eureka, Warfield, Princess Beverly or Haverland to take their place in this collection.

BLACKBERRIES.

SELECTED VARIETIES.

ERIE.

If wanted by mail, add 10 cents per doz., 40 cents per hundred.

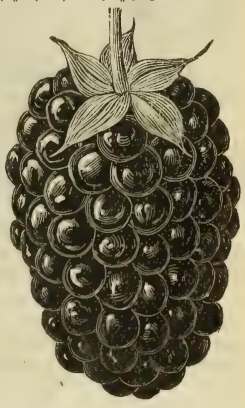
Lucretia Dewberry.—The earliest of the blackberry family, ripening with early raspberry, and a week ahead of the Early Harvest, which is the earliest blackberry. Fruit of the largest size, excellent quality, very handsome and productive.

Dozen, 40 cents; 100, $1.25; 1,000, $10.

Early Harvest.—The earliest blackberry; very popular all over the country; perfectly healthy and hardy, being grown in large quantities as far north as Michigan. Fruit medium to large and productive and very profitable on account of extreme earliness. Dozen, 35 cents; 100, $1; 1,000, $7.50.

Wilson Early or Wilson Jr.—The largest early berry and very popular; more largely planted than all the others combined. Dozen, 35 cents; 100, $1; 1,000, $7.

Erie.—The most popular of the **hardy** blackberries, and the largest of all blackberries. Berries nearly round, bright glossy black, and of best quality. Plant very hardy, strong grower, and one of the best to bear. Immensely popular and largely planted. Dozen, 50 cents; 100, $2.50.



MINNEWASKA.

ADDITIONAL VARIETIES.

	Dozen.	100.	1,000.
Stone's Hardy	$0 50	$1 25	
Taylor's Prolific	50	1 50	
Ancient Briton	75	2 50	
Snyder	50	1 25	$8 50
Minnewaski	60	2 50	

RASPBERRIES.

When wanted by mail add 10 cents per dozen, 40 cents per 100.

Leading Varieties for Profit are Cuthbert, Gregg and Palmer.

Cuthbert.—The best known and most popular raspberry. Fruit largest size, hardy and productive. The standard for family use, market and profit. Yields 5,000 to 8,000 quarts per acre.

Dozen, 35 cents; 100, $1; 1,000, $7.50.

Gregg.—The leading blackcap for market, and more largely planted than any other. Fruit large size and produced in great abundance. Perfectly hardy in most sections.

Dozen, 35 cents; 100, $1; 1,000, $7.50.

Palmer.—Probably the best quality of all blackcaps. Ripens early and continues in fruiting a long time; fruit large size, attractive and exceedingly productive; a strong grower and perfectly hardy; one of the best. Dozen, 50 cents; 100, $1; 1,000, $8.

Golden Queen.—The best of all yellow raspberries; large, beautiful and productive.

Dozen, 40 cents; 100, $1.50; 1,000, $10.

Thompson's Early Prolific.—The earliest and best quality of all red raspberries; a great berry for the garden or profit; of good size and very productive.

Dozen, 50 cents; 100, $1.50; 1,000, $10.

Marlboro.—The leading early **Red** market variety for planting in New York State and the North.

Dozen, 40 cents; 100, $1; 1,000, $8.

Ohio.—Large, glossy, black and good quality; season early to medium; one of the best for drying.

Dozen, 35 cents; 100, $1; 1,000, $7.50.

Japan Wineberry.—Dozen, 50 cents, postpaid; 100, $2, by express.

CURRANTS.

Currants thrive well in orchards. In fact, the best currant patches we have ever seen are in orchards. They bring early returns, and it is surprising what a small amount of land will produce $100.

North Star.—The "star" among currants, and claimed to be the *best currant* in existence. Has been tested for six years in all ranges of climate and proven a decided success. Fruit and bunch average good size and of excellent quality. Very productive. Largest size, each, 12c.; per doz., $1.25. By mail, per doz., $1.

Fay's Prolific.—This new variety has been cultivated for years and has proven itself to be the largest of all red currants, and takes a leading position among currants planted for profit. Strong. 1-year, per doz., 75 cts.; per 100, $4.50. 2-year, per doz., $1; per 100, $5.

General List:—Victoria, Cherry, White Grape, Lee's Prolific and Red Dutch. 1-year, per doz., 50c.; per 100, $2.50; per 1,000, $22.50. 2-year, per doz., 65c.; per 100, $3.50; per 1,000, $30.

GOOSEBERRIES.

DOWNING.

There is money in gooseberries. There are more being planted largely for market instead of a few bushes in the garden as formerly. *Bring quick returns and large profits.*

The English varieties, which it was thought could not be grown here, are now being planted with success by the simple remedy of spraying with sulphate of potassium, liver of sulphur, making the growing of these varieties easy and profitable.

GOOSEBERRIES ARE HARDY EVERYWHERE.

Downing, G. B.—Of all gooseberries for profit and general planting "Downing is King." Fruit large, green and fine quality. Very strong grower, perfectly hardy and always productive. Bears paying crops soon after planted. A bush of Downing is a sight. 1-year, per dozen, 60 cts.; per 100, $4. 2-year, fine, strong, per dozen, 60 cts.; per 100, $5.

Houghton Seedling.—A great gooseberry and well known. Fruit smaller than Downing, but very productive and profitable.

1-year, per doz., 50c.; per 100, $3; per 1,000, $25. 2-year, per doz., 65c.; per 100, $6.50; per 1,000, $30.

Industry.—The best known of the English varieties. Now largely grown and very successfully. Fruit very large, dark red, excellent quality, and bushes are loaded with fruit. Sells at fancy prices. Used for desserts and eaten out of hand. 1-year, each, 15c.; per doz., $1.25; per 100, $6.50; per 1,000, $60. 2-year, each, 20c.; per doz., $1.50; per 100, $9; per 1,000, $80.

Lancashire Lad (new).—Fruit of the largest size. Bright red and finest quality. Ripens very early and valuable for market. Fruited finely the past season. Perfectly hardy. Every one should try a few. Heavy 2-year bushes, 25 cents; per dozen, $2.25.

Keepsake (new).—The earliest of all gooseberries. A very large straw-colored variety of the finest quality. Fruit covered with beautiful bloom which it holds well in shipping, making it very attractive, and together with its extreme earliness of ripening, will be much sought after. Fine strong bushes, 25 cents; per dozen, $2.50.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

We are headquarters for Asparagus Roots.—Each year we sell hundreds of thousands of our fine, thrifty, one-year-olds, which are preferred by planters, and we sell them in large quantities to seedsmen and nurserymen, who find they give better satisfaction than the two-year-olds. "If you want to buy a pair of shoes or boots you would not take a number 11, or five sizes larger than your size, simply because you got more leather for the same money." The same with Asparagus roots; the two-year-olds are sometimes larger, but the young, thrifty fellows will soon pass them on the straight *road to profit.*

Our roots are all *strong, quick-grown one-year-old.* We do not handle any two-year-old roots. The one-year-old are better, and are nearly as large as ordinary two-year-old roots.

	Dozen by mail.	100.	1,000.
Barr's Mammoth	$0 20	$0 60	$2 50
Conover's Colossal	15	50	2 25
Palmetto	20	65	2 75
Elmira (new)	25	75	3 00

By mail at 100 rates, add 40 cents per 100, as roots are heavy.
When tied in bunches 25 cents per 1,000 extra.

RHUBARB.

This is one of the earliest Spring vegetables and very profitable and pleasant to have.

Price, 10 cents each; $1 per dozen; $4 per 100.

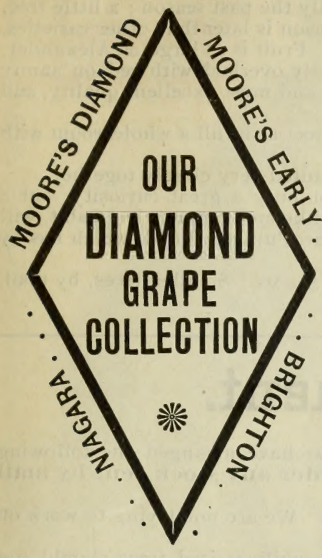
HOLT'S MAMMOTH SAGE.

Sells well when dried, and used in this form in large quantities by butchers in preparing sausage and other meats.

The Holt's Mammoth Sage is the best of all. Plants produce eight to ten times as much as ordinary kinds, because the stocks and leaves are so much larger than common sorts, and it is also of greater strength and superior flavor.

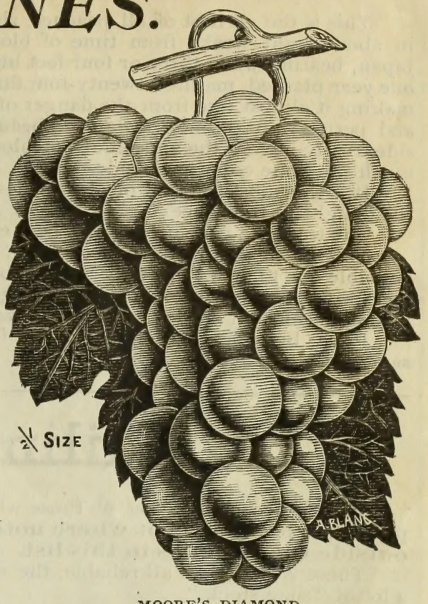
Strong plants, 10 cents each; 75 cents per dozen; $4 per 100.

GRAPE VINES.



Mailed free at single and dozen rates. Our vines are not the weak, poorly-rooted snags offered by many of those with whom we are obliged to compete. Instead they are the finest stock that specialists can grow, propagated from bearing vines and every care exercised to keep them pure and true to name. All vines are evenly graded and the best only sent out.

Moore's Early.—The most profitable early black grape ever introduced. Has been tested and grown for years and become a great favorite over a large part of the country. Large, black, early and very productive, much earlier than Concord. Single berries are large, very juicy and good quality. Price, strong two-year, each, 10 cents; dozen, $1.00; 100, $4 50.



MOORE'S DIAMOND.

Moore's Diamond.—This new grape is attracting a great deal of attention, and has merits worthy of attention. The vine is vigorous, with large, dark, healthy foliage, entirely free from mildew. Very prolific bearer, producing large, compact bunches, slightly shouldered. Color a delicate greenish white, with a rich yellow tinge when fully ripe. Skin smooth; berry fleshy, juicy and of good quality. Ripens about August 25. Strong vines, each, 15 cents; dozen, $1.50; 100, $8.00.

Niagara.—No doubt the best late White Grape we have. The vine is remarkably hardy and an unusually strong grower. Bunches very large and compact, sometimes shouldered. Berries light greenish white; skin thin, but tough, and does not crack. Quality good, and sweet to the centre. Strong two-year-old, 12 cents each; $1.25 per dozen; $5.00 per 100.

Brighton.—The Brighton is the most profitable and popular Red Grape in existence. Bunch large and compact; berries large and sweet, of a sprightly, refined flavor. Ripens about with Moore's Early. *Farm Journal* speaks of the Brighton as one of the good things worthy of recommending first, last and all the time. Strong two-year vines, 15 cents each; $1.00 per dozen; $7.00 per 100.

ADDITIONAL VARIETIES.

Prices are for strong two-year old, by express and freight. By mail for smaller sizes postpaid at single and dozen rates: Send list of wants for special prices on quantity.

	Each.	Dozen.	100.		Each.	Dozen.	100.
Concord	$0 10	$1 00	$3 00	Telegraph	$0 12	$1 25	$6 00
Delaware	12	1 25	6 50	Clinton	12	1 00	5 00
Empire State	15	1 50	8 00	Catawba	10	1 00	5 00
Lady	15	1 50	7 50	Vergennes	15	1 50	6 50
Lindley	12	1 25	6 00	Worden	12	1 00	5 50
Martha	10	1 00	5 00	Wyoming Red	12	1 25	6 00
Pocklington	15	1 25	6 00				

SPECIAL EXPRESS COLLECTIONS.

The orders for these collections come in so rapidly, we are able to fill large numbers of them at one time thus giving each the benefit of hundred rates for small quantities; otherwise we could not afford to sell them so low. The stock is all fine, healthy and thrifty, and we guarantee satisfaction. Compare the prices—they are very low offers.

EVERYBODY'S FAVORITE.

Rogers' $2.50 Collection Choice Fruits.

1 Harris Hardy Apricot,
1 Abundance Plum,
1 Paragon Plum,
1 Crosby Peach,
1 Giant Paper-shell Pecan,
1 Garden Gem Apple,
1 Duchess Dwarf Pear,
1 Clapp's Favorite Dwarf Pear,
1 Dwarf Rocky Mountain Cherry,
1 Early Richmond Cherry,
1 Dwarf Japan Blood Peach,
1 Moore's Diamond Grape.

ROGERS' 7 LB. $1 GARDEN COLLECTION.

Packed for Express weighs only 7 to 10 lbs. A Fine Selection for any Garden.

1 Dwarf Japan Blood Peach,
1 Dwarf Rocky Mountain Cherry,
1 Abundance Plum,
1 Dwarf Duchess Pear,
1 Crosby Peach,
2 Good Grape Vines,
25 Barr's Mammoth Asparagus Roots.

DWARF JAPANESE BLOOD PEACH.

This is the earliest of all peaches, ripening two to three weeks ahead of Alexander, and maturing in about eight weeks from time of blooming. It is a dwarf growing and very stocky variety from Japan, bearing when three or four feet high, and fruited very satisfactorily the past season ; a little tree, one year planted, matured twenty-four fine specimens. The blooming season is later than other varieties, making it almost free from the danger of damage by late spring frosts. Fruit is as large as Alexander, and perfectly freestone. Color is a beautiful crimson and yellow, heavily overlaid with red on sunny side, really having the appearance of blood red. The flesh is rich, juicy and most excellent quality, and much the same color as outside.

It is the most fragrant of all peaches, a single specimen being so sweet as to fill a whole room with the delightful fragrance.

The trees are very productive, bear extremely young, and can be planted very closely together.

This is a great novelty in peaches, and a very valuable one. Not only a great curiosity, but a valuable one to grow, not only for market, but, on account of its dwarf-like and symmetrical habit, will be especially adapted to garden planting. It is entirely distinct from the Chinese Blood, which has by mistake been sent out for it, but the Dwarf Japan Blood is far superior.

Price, by express, each, 35 cents ; four for $1 ; dozen, $2.50 ; 100, $12.50. Smaller trees, by mail, same price, postpaid.

Mailing Department.

For the accommodation of those who prefer stock sent by mail, we have arranged the following prices, postpaid. **Except where noted in catalogue, do not order any stock sent by mail outside the varieties in this list.**

These varieties are all reliable, the stock is thrifty and well rooted. We are not trying to work off a lot of "snag stock."

How to plant a tree received by mail.—There is no reason why the mailing-sized trees should not make fine specimens if properly planted. *The secret is this :* Plant the young tree deeper than it grew, and then remove all the top to within a few inches of the ground, or above where it was budded; this will cause it to start out low, and if but one branch is allowed to grow it will form a straight, handsome shoot, and make much better growth and finer tree than if planted with all the top remaining.

Prices of Strawberries, by mail, are given on pages 17 to 20. If wanted by mail at 100 rates add 25 cts. per 100 for postage. After April 15th add 5 cts. per dozen, 40 cts. per 100, to cover extra weight.

Prices of other small fruits, etc., by mail given under each.

PEARS.

	Each.	No. sent for $1.
Angel	$1 00	1
Vermont Beauty	15	8
Keiffer	15	8
Idaho	20	6
Wilder	20	6

1 each for $1.00.

PEACHES.

	Each.	No. sent for $1.
Dwarf Japan Blood	$0 35	4
Crosby	15	8
Champion	15	8
Elberta	10	12
Hill's Chili	10	14
Alexander	8	15

1 each for 70 cts., 2 each for $1.10.

NUT TREES.

	Each.	No. sent for $1.
Pedigree Japan Giant	$0 25	5
Giant Paper-shell Pecan	30	4
Japan Walnut	25	5
English or Persian Walnut	20	6
American Sweet Chestnut	15	8
English Filbert	15	8

1 each for $1.

PLUMS.

	Each.	No. sent for $1.
Paragon	$0 75	2
Willard	50	2
Abundance	15	8
Burbank	15	8
Satsuma	15	8
Botan	12	10

1 each for $1.20.

Special Collection by Mail.

POPULAR TREE COLLECTION.

1 Giant Paper-shell Pecan,
2 Dwarf Rocky Mountain Cherry,
2 Hardy Frost-proof Peaches,
1 Abundance Plum,
1 Burbank Plum,
1 Keiffer Pear,
1 English Walnut,
1 Paragon Plum.
All for $1.50.

CHOICE COLLECTION NEW FRUITS.

1 Angel Pear,
1 Paragon Plum,
1 Abundance Plum,
1 Dwarf Japan Blood Peach,
1 Crosby Peach,
1 Dwarf Rocky Mountain Cherry,
1 Harris Hardy Apricot,
1 Garden Gem Apple,
1 Alaska Quince.
All for $2.25.

Photograph of Paragon Plum, one-half size.

Two New Japanese Plums

HARDY, PRODUCTIVE, EARLIEST AND LATEST: WILLARD AND PARAGON.

An orchard of the Willard is a regular "little gold mine." Ripens a month earlier than Abundance, and before any other plum, taking the "cream" of the market for prices. Last year they brought $1 per ten-pound basket in Philadelphia markets. Very firm and an excellent shipper.

No new plum in the past few years has had more good words spoken for it by the Agricultural and Horticultural Press than the Willard. And why? Simply because it has merits.

The Willard is Hardy.—The fruit-buds of the Willard were less injured by the severe cold spell last spring than any other variety.

Fruit is medium size; round; never pointed; color dark clear red, with many minute yellow dots. Flesh rather firm; yellow, sweet, and of fair quality. Freestone.

Price of Willard, one year, by mail or express, 50 cents each. Larger trees, 75 cents each.

By planting Willard and Paragon the season of the Japan plums is lengthened to two months, and following with the succession of the European varieties you can have plums all summer; then, with the use of a little "glass and sugar," you can have them all winter.

• • • PARAGON • • •

The Largest of the Japan Plums. The Latest of the Japans. The Best Quality of the Japans.

The Paragon plum is entirely distinct from any other variety of Japan plums. It was obtained in a lot of other imported varieties for testing several years ago, and appears to be an accidental mixture or sport, and has proved to be entirely different from and superior to the other varieties tested with it, especially in the time of ripening, and of exceedingly high flavor.

The tree is of vigorous, spreading growth, entirely distinct from any other. The trees begin to bear very young, and are so productive as to require thinning.

With the exception of Kelsey, which is of no value except at the South, the Paragon is the largest of the Japan plums yet brought to notice.

Shape is nearly round, with slight suture; color light yellow, almost covered with bright red, changing to a purple on sunny side, with light bluish bloom; altogether a handsome plum. The flesh, which is fine grained, is very firm and delicious; slightly vinous, with a pleasant musky aroma.

Samples of the Paragon were sent to the United States Pomologist at Washington. He wrote about it as follows:

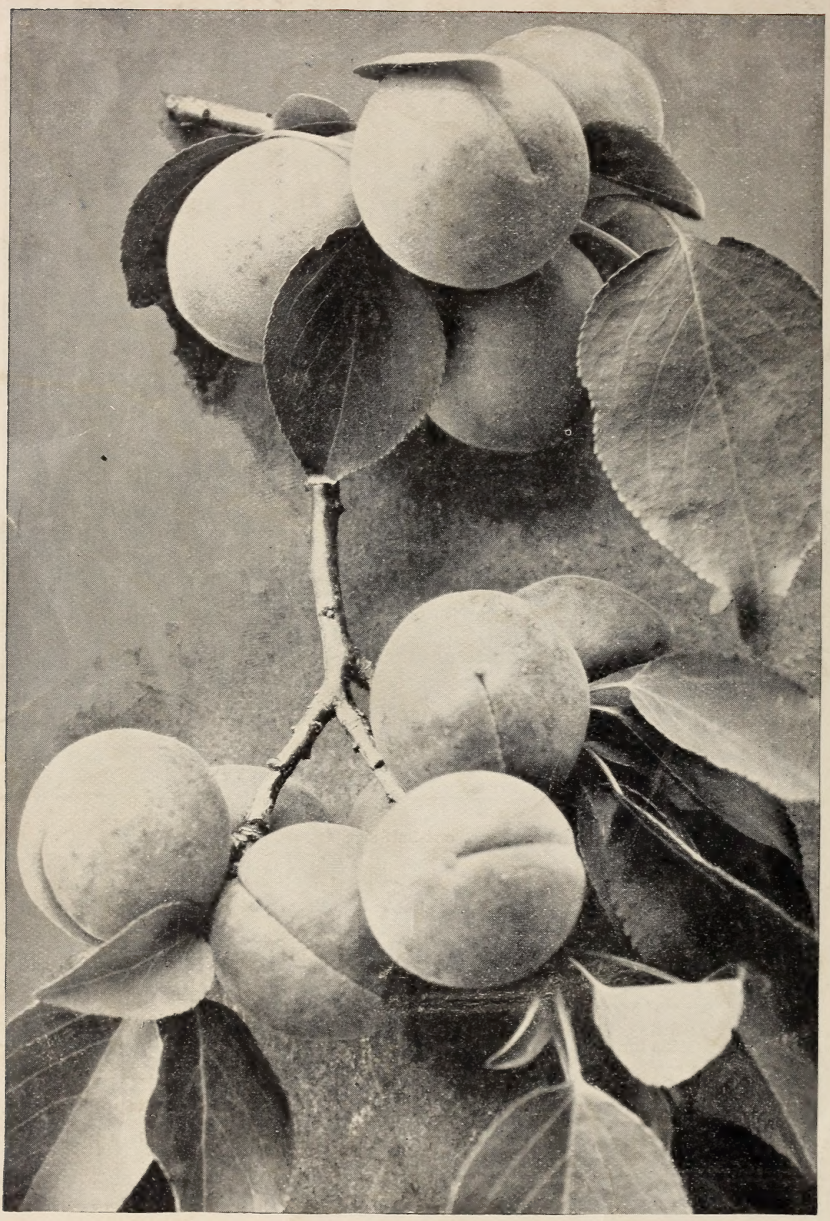
"A careful examination was made of the samples of plums received at this office. The **Paragon** is a very promising plum of excellent quality, and you will do well to propagate from the tree, for it is certainly a valuable plum. Of the whole lot, the Paragon is the best plum in quality."

Another authority says: "An excellent shipper, and we believe this the best all-around plum yet brought to notice, Fruit very large size; fine color and excellent quality."

Price, large trees, $1 each. One year, by mail or express, 75 cents each.

Special Offer.—One tree each of Willard and Paragon, by mail, for $1. Larger size, by express, $1.25.

HARRIS HARDY APRICOT.



From Photograph. One-half real size of Harris Hardy.

Largest, Earliest, Best Quality.

YOU CAN HAVE APRICOTS NOW.

If you want Apricots that will bear, plant Harris Hardy.

S. D. WILLARD says: This is the largest and earliest Apricot that we know of; ripening some two or three weeks in advance of any others. Its large size and fine quality render it a favorite wherever it has been fruited. It is as large as a peach.

On account of the delicious quality of the apricot the introduction of the Russian varieties into this country was hailed with joy, but, alas! what a disappointment. They have proved absolutely worthless in nearly every section; and now that we have one variety that is really valuable, let us all plant apricots. **The Harris Hardy is the variety to plant.** It is large, handsome, fine quality and all that can be desired in a first-class apricot.

Read what the *Rural New Yorker* says. Remember the *Rural* don't recommend any fruit unless it has merit: "I am now ready to say, don't let any one tempt you into planting any of the Russian apricots. Those who have trees already planted would do better to cut them down, or, in August or September, bud them over to some reliable variety. The Harris Apricot, a native seedling from central New York, is being largely grown there for commercial puposes and is a **marked success,** fully as large as the best grown in California, and so much better in quality as to make and hold a place in the market against the very best from California. If people want to grow apricots for home use or market, the Harris Hardy is the one best suited to the situation." Price, first-class medium, each 50 cents; large, each, 75 cents.

THE ROGERS NURSERY CO.

ISAAC C. ROGERS, Manager.

MOORESTOWN, N. J.

REFERENCE: Moorestown, National Bank.

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